

College Algebra Workshop 0



Unit 0 - Representing Sets of Real Numbers Additional Practice Problems

In problems 1–8, a subset of real numbers is described in words. Write its representation in set-builder notation.

Verbal Description Set-Builder Notation

| 1 | |
|--|--|
| 1. All real numbers greater than -4 | |
| 2. All real numbers less than or equal to -3 or greater than $6\frac{1}{3}$ | |
| 3. All real numbers less than 0 or greater than or equal to 3.2 | |
| 4. All real numbers greater than -1 but less than or equal to 1 | |
| 5. All real numbers from -3 to $\sqrt{2}$ | |
| 6. All real numbers from -5 to 5 | |
| 7. All real numbers between -4 and 4 | |
| 8. All real numbers between -4 and π | |

In problems 9–12, a subset of real numbers is described using set-builder notation. Write its representation in interval notation.

| Set-Builder Notation | Interval Notation |
|---|-------------------|
| 9. $\{x \mid x > 2.29\}$ | |
| 10. $\{x \mid x \le -5 \text{ or } x > -1\}$ | |
| 11. $\{x \mid h \le x < k+2\}$ | |
| 12. $\{x \mid -5 - h \le x \le -5 + h\}$ | |

- **13.** For the set of integers from -4 to 4:
- **a.** List the elements of this set inside of braces.
- **b.** Plot this set on the given number line.



14. Explain the difference between the set $\{0,1\}$ and the interval set [0,1]. Do these sets contain the same numbers?

In problems 15–18, a subset of real numbers is written in interval notation. List the boundary values of the set.

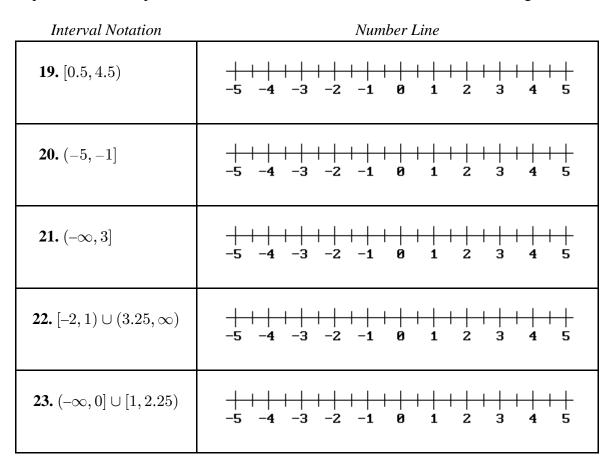
15. (0, 4)

16. (1, 5]

17. $(-\infty, 100)$

18. $(-2, h) \cup (3, k]$

In problems 19–23, plot each subset of real numbers on the number line to its right.



24. Each of the following subsets of real numbers represented in set-builder notation is a set that is familiar to you. Give the common name for each set. For example, the set represented in part a is better known as the set of negative numbers.

a. $\{ x \, | \, x < 0 \, \}$

b. $\{x \mid x=2n, \text{ where } n \text{ is an integer }\}$ (*Hint*: Try writing down a few numbers in this set.)

c. $\{x \mid x = p/q, \text{ where } p \text{ and } q \text{ are integers but } q \neq 0 \}$

d. $\{x \mid x \text{ is not a rational number }\}$